SAFETY DATA SHEET ProSolve De-Icer (Concentrated)

Product numberPVDIInternal identificationB179Container size750mUFIUFI: A1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substaIdentified usesIdentified usesAutorUses advised againstThis p1.3. Details of the supplier of the statesSandaSupplierProSo0845proso1.4. Emergency telephone numberTel.: -SECTION 2: Hazards identificationTel.: -	olve De-Icer (Concentrated) CE750T 01, 17240 nl AVJK-71CX-N004-Q1DP
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uses 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety de Supplier ProSe Sanda Donce DN3 0845 proso 1.4. Emergency telephone number Emergency telephone Tel.: - SECTION 2: Hazards identification	notive glass de-icer.
Supplier ProSe Sanda Donce DN3 0845 proso 1.4. Emergency telephone number Emergency telephone Tel.: - SECTION 2: Hazards identification	product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the identified stated above.
Sanda Donce DN3 0845 proso 1.4. Emergency telephone number Emergency telephone Tel.: - SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ata sheet
Emergency telephone Tel.: - SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
	+44 (0)1604 701111 (Miswa Office Hours Monday - Friday (0900Hrs - 1700Hrs))
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture	
Classification (SI 2019 No. 720) Physical hazards Flam.	. Liq. 3 - H226
	rrit. 2 - H319
	Classified
	urs and spray/mists in high concentrations are narcotic. Symptoms following overexposure may de the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.
Environmental The p	product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.
Physicochemical The p	product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapours.
2.2. Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

Hazard statements

Warning

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P233 Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
	P242 Use non-sparking tools.
	P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with
	water or shower.
	P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.
	P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
	P102 Keep out of reach of children.
2.3. Other hazards	

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
PROPAN-2-OL		10-30%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		
ETHANOL		5-10%
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
ETHANEDIOL		5-10%
CAS number: 107-21-1	EC number: 203-473-3	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
STOT RE 2 - H373		
METHANOL		<0.6%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT SE 1 - H370		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.
SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measur	res
General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation	Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Give milk instead of water if readily available. Keep affected person under observation. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Skin contact	Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	d effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	This is unlikely to occur but symptoms similar to those of ingestion may develop. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death.
Ingestion	May cause unconsciousness, blindness and possibly death.
Skin contact	Skin irritation.
Eye contact	May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage.
4.3. Indication of any immediate m	nedical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Do not use water, if avoidable.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	The product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapours. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release m	leasures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.	
6.3. Methods and material for cor	ntainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Keep combustible materials away from spillage. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery.	
6.4. Reference to other sections		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	Je	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling]	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Do not wear contact lenses. Avoid spilling. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, i	including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry and cool place. Store under well-ventilated conditions at a temperature below 25°C.	
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/P	ersonal protection	
8.1. Control parameters		
Occupational exposure limits PROPAN-2-OL		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³		
ETHANOL		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³		
ETHANEDIOL		
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 52 mg/m ³ 20 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 104 mg/m ³ 40 ppm vapour Sk Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m ³ particulate		
METHANOL	METHANOL	
Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m ³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m ³ Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 2006/15/EC 200 ppm 260 mg/m ³ Sk WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.		
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits	

PROPAN-2-OL (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day
PNEC	 Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l marine water; 140.9 mg/l Intermittent release; 140.9 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 552 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 552 mg/kg STP; 2251 mg/l Soil; 28 mg/kg
	ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)
DNEL	Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 950 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term Acute, local effects: 1900 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term Acute, local effects: 950 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 206 mg/kg Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 114 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 87 mg/kg
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.96 mg/l marine water; 0.79 mg/l STP; 580 mg/l Intermittent release; 2.75 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 3.6 mg/kg sediment dw Sediment (Marinewater); 2.9 mg/kg sediment dw Soil; 0.63 mg/kg soil dw
	ETHANEDIOL (CAS: 107-21-1)
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 106 mg/kg bw/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 53 mg/kg bw/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 7 mg/m ³
PNEC	 Fresh water; 10 mg/l marine water; 1 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 37 mg/kg sediment dw Intermittent release; 10 mg/l Soil; 1.53 mg/kg STP; 199.5 mg/l Sediment (Marinewater); 3.7 mg/kg sediment dw Soil; 1.53 mg/kg soil dw

METHANOL (CAS: 67-56-1)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemica	al properties
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type A2.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove non-impervious clothing that becomes contaminated. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Other skin and body protection	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Use appropriate skin cream to prevent drying of skin. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. In case of intensive contact, wear protective gloves (EN 374). Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions and information relating to the use, storage, care and replacement of protective gloves. protective gloves shall be replaced immediately when physically damaged or worn. Appropriate Material - Butyl, Material Thickness - 0.6 to 0.8mm, Breakthrough Time - 8Hrs
Eye/face protection	Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this chemical. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Protective equipment	
PNEC 8.2. Exposure controls	No PNEC available.
DNEL	No DNEL available.
	BENZYL VIOLET 4B (CAS: 1694-09-3)
PNEC	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 260 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Short term Acute: 8 mg/kg bw/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg bw/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term Acute: 260 mg/m ³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 260 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term Acute: 50 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 50 mg/m ³ - Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l - marine water; 2.08 mg/l - Soil; 3.18 mg/kg soil dw - STP; 100 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg sediment dw - Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l - Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg sediment dw
DNEL	Industry - Dermal; Short term Acute: 40 mg/kg bw/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg bw/day Industry - Inhalation; Short term Acute: 260 mg/m³

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Clear liquid.	
Colour	Blue.	
Odour	Slight alcoholic.	
рН	pH (concentrated solution): 10	
Melting point	Below minus 20°C	
Initial boiling point and range	~88°C @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	30°C Closed cup.	
Relative density	0.977 @ 20°C	
Solubility(ies)	Completely soluble in water. Very soluble in the following materials: Alcohols.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 327 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactive	vity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	No particular stability concerns. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous rea	ctions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not applicable. Will not polymerise.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inform	SECTION 11: Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on toxicological	effects	
Acute toxicity - oral ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,555.56	
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	166,666.67	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	1,666.67	
General information	To the best of our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.	
Inhalation	Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Coughing.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.	

Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain.
Acute and chronic health hazards	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Central nervous system Eyes Gastro-intestinal tract Kidneys Liver Respiratory system, lungs Blood
Medical symptoms	Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Visual disturbances, including blurred vision.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,840.0
Species	Rat Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,840.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	16.4
Species	Rabbit Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	12,874.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	25.5
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	25.5
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Rabbit eyes: Severe eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not available.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not considered to be a skin sensitizer
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Does not interfere with fertility.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No evidence of reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure	Inhalation: May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
STOT - repeated exposure	Oral and inhalation repeated exposure studies demonstrated target organ effects in male rats (kidney) and male/female mice (thyroid) by mechanisms of action that are not relevant to humans. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. The fluid can enter the lungs and cause damage (chemical pneumonitis, possibly fatal).	
Inhalation	Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.	
Ingestion	No specific health hazards known.	
Skin contact	No specific health hazards known.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Splashes in eyes may cause strong pain. Vapour acts as irritant.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiritory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary oedema.	
	ETHANOL	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	7,060.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	7,060.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,001.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,001.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	124.7	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	124.7	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Animal data	Not irritating.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Serious eye damage/irritation	Irritating to eyes: Category 2.	
Skin sensitisation		
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
	Daseu on available uata the classification chiefia are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	Development of the state of the
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
STOT - single exposure	Data lacking.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
STOT - repeated exposure	Data lacking.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Ingestion	After absorption: euphoria. After a latency period: dizziness, inebriation, paralysis, cyanosis, narcosis, respiratory paralysis.
	ETHANEDIOL
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	7,712.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅o)	Acute oral toxicity is expected to be moderate in humans eventhough animals test results would suggest a low toxicity. Ingestion of approximately 100ml has caused death in humans. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects and kidney failure.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,501.0
Species	Mouse
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,501.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	2.6
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	At room temperature exposure to vapour is minimal due to low volatility. With good ventilation single exposure is not expected to cause adverse effect. If the product is heated or the working area has poor ventilation, vapour/mist may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation and symptoms such as headache and nausea.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Not irritating. Rabbit
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating. Rabbit
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	

	Skin sensitisation	- Guinea pig: Not sensitising.
	Germ cell mutagenicity	
	Genotoxicity - in vitro	Negative.
	Genotoxicity - in vivo	Negative.
	Carcinogenicity	
	Carcinogenicity	The current toxicological kowledge allows to not classify the product as a carcinogen.
	Reproductive toxicity	
	Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Ingestion of large amounts has been shown to interfere with reproduction in animals.
	Specific target organ toxicity - r	repeated exposure
	STOT - repeated exposure	Observations in humans include: Nystagmus (involuntary eye movement). In animals effects have been reported on the following organs: kidneys and liver. NOAEL 150 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
	Target organs	Kidneys
	Inhalation	At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. With good ventilation, single exposure is not expected to cause adverse effects. If material is heated or areas are poorly ventilated, vapor/mist may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation and symptoms such as headache and nausea.
	Ingestion	Oral toxicity is expected to be moderate in humans due to ethylene glycol even though tests with animals show a lower degree of toxicity. Ingestion of quantities (approximately 65 mL (2 oz.) for diethylene glycol or 100 mL (3 oz.) for ethylene glycol) has caused death in humans. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects, cardiopulmonary effects (metabolic acidosis), and kidney failure. For Ethylene glycol: Lethal Dose, Human, adult 100 ml LD50, rat, male and female 7,712 mg/kg.
	Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Repeated skin exposure to large quantities may result in absorption of harmful amounts. Massive contact with damaged skin or of material sufficiently hot to burn skin may result in absorption of potentially lethal amounts.
	Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
	Route of exposure	Ingestion.
	Target organs	Kidneys Liver
SECTION 12:	Ecological information	

Ecotoxicity

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment. The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	$LC_{\mathfrak{so}},96$ hours: 9640 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 24 hours: 9714 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, : > 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
		ETHANOL
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 15300 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 9268 - 14221 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	LOEC, 192 hours: 5000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	LOEC, : 6500 (16hr) mg/l,
		ETHANEDIOL
	Toxicity	Product not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms.
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 72860 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 6500 - 13000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC20, 30 minutes: > 1995 mg/l, Activated sludge
	Chronic aquatic toxicity	
	Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	e NOEC, 7 days: 15380 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)
	Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 7 days: 8590 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia Sp.
12.2. Persiste	nce and degradability	
in The Dete		actant(s) contained in this product complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down etergents Regulations (as amended). The product is biodegradable but it must not be discharged ns without permission from the authorities.
Ecological info	ormation on ingredients.	
		PROPAN-2-OL
	Persistence and degradability	The product is expected to be biodegradable.
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation (%) 95%: 21 days
		ETHANOL
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
		ETHANEDIOL
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
	Biodegradation	Water - Degradation (%) 90 - 100%: 10 days Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).
Persistence a	nd degradability The surf in The D into drain ormation on ingredients. Persistence and degradability Biodegradation Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	etergents Regulations (as amended). The product is biodegradable but it must not be discharged as without permission from the authorities. PROPAN-2-OL The product is expected to be biodegradable. Water - Degradation (%) 95%: 21 days ETHANOL The product is biodegradable. ETHANEDIOL The product is biodegradable. Water - Degradation (%) 90 - 100%: 10 days Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Revision date: 07/12/2022

ProSolve De-Icer (Concentrated)

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bic	accumulating.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 0.05	
		ETHANOL
Partition coefficient	log Pow: < 2	
		ETHANEDIOL

Bioaccumulative potential	Not potentially bioaccumulative
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -1.36

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

	Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: ~ 1.1 @ °C
	Henry's law constant	0.00000338 atm m3/mol @ 25°C
		ETHANEDIOL
	Mobility	The product is soluble in water. Volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process. Potential for mobility in soil is very high.
	Adsorption/desorption coefficient	Water - Koc: ~ 1 @ °C
	Henry's law constant	~ 8.05E-09 atm m3/mol @ 25°C
12.5. Results	of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment		
Ecological information on ingredients.		
		PROPAN-2-OL
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
		ETHANEDIOL
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
12.6. Other a	dverse effects	
SECTION 13	: Disposal considerations	

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General informationWaste should be treated as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in
accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The packaging must be empty
(drop-free when inverted).Disposal methodsAbsorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste
disposal contractor. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an
explosion.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1987
UN No. (IMDG)	1987
UN No. (ICAO)	1987
UN No. (ADN)	1987
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (CONTAINS ETHANOL, PROPAN-2-OL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	3
ADR/RID classification code	F1
ADR/RID label	3
IMDG class	3
ICAO class/division	3
ADN class	3
Transport labels	



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	Ш
IMDG packing group	ш
ICAO packing group	Ш
ADN packing group	Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-E, S-D
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	•3Y

Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	30
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)
14.7. Transport in bulk according	to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	tion
15.1. Safety, health and environm	nental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
15.1. Safety, health and environm National regulations	nental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended). The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019 No. 720 (as amended) The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019 No. 758 (as amended)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

	NOTE Lines within the meaning indicate similar to be seen a form the meaning so is in
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Issued by	HS&E Manager.
Revision date	07/12/2022
Revision	8
Supersedes date	12/03/2019
SDS number	20885
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H370 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system, Optic Nerve (Nervus Opticus)). H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.